

38th ANNUAL REPORT 2019-2020

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

K. N. KHANDELWAL - Chairman

V. N. KHANDELWAL - Whole Time Director (Works)

DINESH KHANDELWAL - Whole Time Director (Finance) & CFO

ASHOK GUPTA - Independent Director
ATUL BAGLA - Independent Director
ANIL KAMTHAN - Independent Director
REKHA KEJRIWAL - Independent Director

COMPANY SECRETARY

SURABHI PASARI

CIN: L24241UP1981PLC005282

REGISTERED OFFICE: Website: www.khandelwalextractions.com

51/47, NAYAGANJ, KANPUR – 208 001 Email: kelknp@yahoo.com

WORKS:

AKRAMPUR – MAGARWARA DISTT. UNNAO (UTTAR PRADESH)

AUDITORS:

M/S. GUPTA VAISH & CO., KANPUR

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NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 38th Annual General Meeting of Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. will be held on Friday, the 25th September, 2020 at 4:00 P.M. through Video Conferencing ("VC") / Other Audio Visual Means ("OAVM"). No physical meeting of members will be held, however, the meeting will be deemed to have been held at 50 MIG Bungalow, W Block, Keshav Nagar, Kanpur-208014 on Friday, the 25th September, 2020 at 4:00 P.M to transact the following business: ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 and Report of the Board of Directors and Auditors' thereon.
- To appoint a Director in place of Shri Vishwa Nath Khandelwal (DIN: 00161893), who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.

By order of the Board of Directors

Regd. Office: 51/47 Navagani Kanpur

51/47, Nayaganj, Kanpur – 208 001 Dated: 14th August, 2020

SURABHI PASARI

(COMPANY SECRETARY)

Notes:

- a) In view of the continuing Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has permitted holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video conference (VC) / Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue; vide its circulars dated May 5, 2020, April 8, 2020 and April 13, 2020. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and MCA Circulars, the ensuing AGM of the Company is being held through VC / OAVM. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be 50 MIG Bungalow, W Block, Keshav Nagar, Kanpur-208014.
- b) The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- c) Since the ensuing AGM is being held through VC / OAVM, physical attendance of Members has been dispensed with Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the Members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed to this Notice. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/ OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- d) The Register of members and Share Transfer books of the Company will remain closed from 18" September, 2020 to 25" September, 2020 (both days inclusive).
- e) Brief resume of the Director proposed to be re-appointed along with such other details as stipulated under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations, as amended, and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2), are provided in this Notice.
- f) In view of applicability of Securities and Exchange Board of India ("SEBI") notification dated 08th June, 2018, which has mandated that the requests for transfer of securities shall take place only in dematerialized form w.e.f 01st April, 2019; members are requested to dematerialize their securities with NSDL/CDSL in order to avoid any hassle while transferring the securities in future. The Company's ISIN No. is INE687W01010.
- g) Members are requested to lodge Share Transfer documents and all other correspondences and queries relating to Share Transfer, Share Certificates, Change of Address etc., to the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent ("RTA") i.e. M/s Alankit Assignments Limited having its office at 4E/2, Alankit House, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi- 110055
- h) Members holding shares in physical mode are requested to communicate their change of postal address (enclose copy of Aadhar Card), e-mail address, if any, PAN (enclose self attested copy of PAN Card) and Bank account details (enclose cancelled cheque leaf) quoting their folio numbers to the RTA at their email id rta@alankit.com. Similarly members holding shares in Demat form shall intimate the above details to their respective Depository Participants. For any assistance, the member(s) may contact Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal —Director (Finance) & CFO on mobile no. 9415330630 or 8081252221 or e-mail at kelknp@yahoo.com
- The voting rights of the members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid up share capital of the Company as on the cut off date i.e. 18th September, 2020.
- j) The Company has appointed M/s. Banthia & Co. (Prop. Mr. G.K. Banthia) of Kanpur, Practicing Company Secretaries (C.P. No. 1405) as the Scrutinizer for conducting the Remote e-voting and e-voting during AGM in fair and transparent manner who have consented to be available for the same.
- k) The results of the remote e-voting and e-voting at AGM will be announced by the Chairman within 48 hours from the conclusion of AGM. The voting results

- along with the scrutinizer's report shall be placed on the website of the Company www.khandelwalextractions.com and on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com. The results will simultaneously be communicated to the Stock Exchange(s).
- Subject to receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the Meeting, i.e 25th September, 2020.
- All documents referred to in the accompanying notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending a request at <u>kelknp@yahoo.com</u>.
- n) Members attending the AGM through VC / OAVM shall be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act. In case of Joint Holders, the member whose name appears as First Holder in the order of names on the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote. Since the AGM will be held through VC / OAVM, the Route Map is not annexed in this Notice.
- o) In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars and SEBI Circular dated May 12, 2020, Electronic copy of the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2019-20 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/ Depositories. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also be available on the Company's website www.khandelwalextractions.com. The notice can also be accessed from the website of BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and website of CDSL at www.evotingindia.com
- p) Details of Vishwa Nath Khandelwal seeking re-appointment:

DIN	00161893
Designation	Whole-time Director (Works)
Date of Birth	10.08.1948
Qualification	Commerce Graduate
Date of first appointment on Board	24.04.1981
Brief resume /Expertise in specific functional areas of Director	One of the promoter Directors, associated with the Company since inception, Experience of over 35 years in managing the solvent extraction plant. Devotes full time and attention in the Company's affairs. He has expertise in production, quality control and related matters.
Directorship/Membership/Chairmanship held in Committees of Board of other companies	Nil
Shareholding in the Company	29650 equity shares
Relationship with other directors inter- se	Brother of Mr. Kailash Nath Khandelwal and Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal
No. of Board meetings attended in the year 2019-20	4
Remuneration last drawn (FY 2019-20)	Details in Form MGT-9

VOTING THROUGH ELECTRONC MEANS

In terms of Section 108 of the Companies Act 2013 read with relevant applicable rules and pursuant to Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide the members the facility to exercise their votes for all the resolutions detailed in the AGM Notice by electronic means and the business may be transacted through remote e-voting and e-voting system during the AGM. Those Members, who will be present in the AGM through VC / OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting, and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system during the AGM.

Instructions for members for Remote e-voting are as under:

- i) The voting period begins on 22ndSeptember, 2020 (10:00 am) and ends on 24th September, 2020 (5:00 p.m). During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date of 18th September, 2020 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- (v) Now enter your User ID:
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits Beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - Shareholders holding shares in physical form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

OR

Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL's EASI/EASIEST e-services, you can log-in at https://www.cdslindia.com from Login-Myeasi using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL's EASI/EASIEST e-services, click on e-Voting option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically.

- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to

 $\underline{www.evotingindia.com} \ and \ voted \ on \ an \ earlier \ voting \ of \ any \ Company, \ then \ your \ existing \ password \ is \ to \ be \ used.$

(viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Members holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax
	Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as
	physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the
	Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence
	number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
DOB OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy
Dividend	format) as recorded in your demat account or with the Company in
Bank Details	order to login.
OR	If both the details are not recorded with the Depository or Company
	please enter the member id/folio number in the dividend bank details
	field as mentioned in instruction (v).

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Members holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, members holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other Company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that the Company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For members holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN of Khandelwal Extractions Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take out print of the voting done by you by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "m-Voting". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote voting on your mobile.
- (xx) Note for Non-Individual Shareholders and Custodians
- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodian are required to log on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>and register themselves as "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to <u>helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com</u>.
- After receiving the login details a compliance user should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which
 they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in
 PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz;kelknp@yahoo.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same

Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and become the member after sending of the Notice and hold shares as on the cut off date i.e 18th

September, 2020 may follow the same procedure as mentioned above.

If you have any queries or issues regarding remote e-Voting, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to help section or write an email to

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to kelknp@yahoo.com/rta@alankit.com
- For Demat shareholders -, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to kelknp@yahoo.com/rta@alankit.com

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholder/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- Shareholders/viewers/Attendee to download the software/app of cisco WebEx in advance & ready to connect fast for meeting
- 6. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their requestin advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at kelknp@yahoo.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at kelknp@yahoo.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.
- Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGMARE AS UNDER:-

- The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

Members are requested to carefully read all the Notes set out in the Notice of the AGM and in particular, instructions for joining the AGM, manner of casting vote through remote e-voting or through e-voting during the AGM.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting Company's 38th Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31th, 2020.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

	(Rs. in Lakhs)
Other Income	18.96
Loss before Interest and Depreciation	(38.84)
Less: Interest	10.80
Depreciation	5.14
Tax Expenses	(11.50)
(including Deferred Tax)	
Loss after tax	(43.28)
Other Comprehensive Income	0.72
Total Comprehensive Income	(42.56)

HIGHLIGHTS OF PERFORMANCE

During the year, the Company's working resulted in loss before interest and depreciation of Rs. 38.84 lakhs. As reported earlier, the Company's solvent extraction operations were closed from November 2018 and it has income only from Interest Rs. 18.96 lakhs. The Company's assessment under Income Tax Act, 1961 is completed upto A.Y. 2019-20 and there was no outstanding

Impact of COVID-19: There was no impact of COVID-19 on the financial statements of the Company as its operations are totally closed.

Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)-IFRS Converged Standards.

The Company has adopted Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) with effect from 1st April, 2017 pursuant to Ministry of Corporate Affairs' notification of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015 and the Annual Accounts of 2019-20, has been drawn in terms of provisions of the Ind-AS.

TRANSFER TO RESERVES

In view of losses incurred by the Company for the F.Y. 2019-20, no amount has been transferred to General Reserve.

DIVIDEND

In view of losses during F.Y. 2019-20, the Board of Directors have not recommended dividend on Equity shares.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's Authorized Capital remains unchanged at Rs. 200 Lakhs. The Paid up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on the date of Balance Sheet stands unchanged at Rs. 85,01,000/- (comprising of 8,50,100 Equity shares of

FIXED DEPOSITS

Your Company has not invited any deposits during the financial year under

Your Company does not have any subsidiary within the meaning of the Companies Act, 2013. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, no entity became or ceased to be the subsidiary, joint venture or associate of the

DÍRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, Mr. V.N Khandelwal (DIN: 0016193). Whole-time Director (Works), retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment to

Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal was re-appointed as Whole time Director (Finance) & CFO by the members of the Company in the 37th AGM held on 28th September, 2019 for a term of three years w.e.f 01.04.2020.

CA Ashok Gupta (DIN 00135288), CA Atul Bagla (DIN: 00159563), Anil Kamthan (DIN: 00159819) and CS Rekha Kejriwal (DIN: 06889864), were re-appointed as Independent Non-Executive Directors by the Members of the Company in the 37th Annual General Meeting held on 28th September, 2019 to hold office for second term of five consecutive years i.e. up to conclusion of AGM in the calendar year 2024.

The Board is of the opinion that the Independent Directors as reappointed are familiar, proficient and experienced with the companies affairs and their continued association is of immense benefit to the

Pursuant to the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019, all Independent Directors have registered their name in the data bank of Independent Directors.

All Independent Directors have given declarations of compliance of Rule 6(1) & (2) of Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014 as amended along with the declaration that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149 (6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal, Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO; Mr. Vishwa Nath Khandelwal (DIN: 00161893), Whole-time Director (Works) and Ms. Surabhi Pasari, Company Secretary and Compliance Officer are the Key Managerial Personnel of your Company.

BOARD EVALUATION

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013; the Nomination and

Remuneration Committee formulated the criteria for evaluation of the performance of the Board of Directors, its various Committees constituted as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and individual directors. Based on that, the Board of Directors carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance and of its various Committees viz. Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholder Relationship Committee and Committee of Directors and expressed their satisfaction with its performance and performance of its Committees. The Board of Directors also evaluated the performance of individual Director on the basis of self-appraisal and expressed their satisfactory performance. The Board of Directors also carried out an annual performance evaluation of its Independent Directors and expressed their satisfaction with their functioning / performance.

In view of COVID-19 outbreak, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide their Circular No. 11/2020 had granted relaxation for not holding separate meeting of Independent Directors. Hence, the Company could not convene Independent Director's separate meeting in terms of Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013.

REMUNERATION POLICY

The Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has framed a policy which lays down a framework in relation to remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management of the Company. The Policy covers the criteria for selection and appointment of Board Members and senior management and their remuneration. The Company's Remuneration Policy is based on the principles of (i) Pay for Responsibility and Duties, (ii) Pay for Potential and (iii) Pay for

growth of the Company.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is vested with powers to determine yearly increments/salary increase of Executive Directors/ KMPs and one level below based on their performance and contribution towards profitability and sustainability of Company. Non Executive Directors are paid only sitting fee which is decided by Nomination & Remuneration Committee.

RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The management is exploring possibilities of sale/lease of Company's undertaking which will be the only source of income of the Company in future. The new business involves risks of different nature. The new policy shall be framed as and when desired.

12. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM

The Company has an adequate system of internal control relating to purchase/sales of stores, raw materials including components plant & machinery, equipment and other similar assets and for the sale of goods commensurate with the size of the Company and nature of its business. The Company has also Internal Control System for speedy compilation of Accounts and Management Information Reports and to comply with applicable laws and regulations. The Company has a well defined organizational structure, authority levels and internal rules and regulations for conducting business transactions suitable to the size of the business

The Company has already formed an Audit Committee which met four times in a year. Audit Committee also ensures proper compliance with the provisions of The Companies Act, 2013 and also reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the internal control environment and monitors implementation of internal audit recommendations. Besides the above, Audit Committee is actively engaged in overseeing financial disclosures and in reviewing your Company's risk

INTERNAL FINANCE CONTROLS

In accordance with Section 134(5)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has Internal Financial Controls Policy by means of policies and procedure commensurate with the size & nature of its operations and pertaining to financial reporting. In accordance with Rule 8(5) (viii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. it is hereby confirmed that the Internal Financial Controls are adequate with reference to the financial statements

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/ VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has a Whistle Blower Policy to report genuine concerns or grievances detrimental to the interest of the Company. The Whistle Blower Policy has been posted on the website of the Company.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business and the provisions of Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not attracted. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. Thus, disclosure in Form AOC-2 was not required. Details of transactions made are disclosed in financial statements. All related party transactions are presented to the Audit Committee and the Board. Omnibus approval was obtained for the transactions which are foreseen and repetitive in nature

16. STATUTORY AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under M/s. Gupta Vaish & Co., Kanpur, Chartered Accountants, (ICAI Registration No 005087C), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the Thirty Fifth (35th) Annual General Meeting to hold office for a term of 5 years from the conclusion of 35th Annual General Meeting till the conclusion of Fortieth (40th) Annual General Meeting.

M/s. Gupta Vaish & Co have confirmed their eligibility and qualification required

under Sections 139, 141 and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and Rules issued thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or reenactment(s) thereof for the time being in force.

In accordance with Notification dated 7th May, 2018 of Ministry of Corporate

Affairs, the ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors at every AGM is not required. Accordingly, the ratification of appointment of statutory auditors does not form part of the Notice convening ensuing Annual General Meeting of the Company.

There are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimer made in the Auditor's Report for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 which requires any clarification or explanation. However, Auditors have drawn attention of shareholders on Company's ability as a going concern.

The matter is adequately covered in Note No. 25 of the financial statements.

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of The Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made there under, M/s. Banthia & Co, Practicing Company Secretary (CP No. 1405), Kanpur, were appointed to conduct the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020. The Practicing Company Secretary has submitted his Report on the secretarial audit which is annexed as Annexure I to this Directors' Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any adverse observation or qualification requiring explanation or comments from the Board under Section 134 (3) (f) of the Companies Act, 2013.

DETAILS IN RESPECT OF FRAUDS REPORTED BY AUDITORS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 143 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013, no instance of fraud has been reported by the auditors against the Company.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act 2013, your Directors confirm that:

- a) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed with no material departures;
- b) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the loss of the Company for the same period;
- they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other
- they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- they have laid down internal financial controls in the Company that e) are adequate and are operating effectively; and
- f) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that these are adequate and are operating effectively.

 MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS

20.

There are no material changes or commitments made by the Company affecting the financial position of the Company between the end of financial year and date of the Report

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT & MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNAL

No significant and material orders have been passed by any Regulator or Court or Tribunal impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company has closed its present operations of manufacturing of rice bran oil/de-oiled rice bran. It is exploring possibilities to new business which is yet to take place

STATUTORY DISCLOSURES:

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company is exempted from compliance of Corporate Governance provisions as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

ANNUAL RETURN

An extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 as required and extract of African Rectiff in Form Mor1-9 as required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 is appended as Annexure II. The copy of the same is placed on the website of the Company and can be accessed at http://www.khandelwalextractions.com/announcements.html

iii. MEETINGS OF THE BOARD AND COMMITTEE HELD DURING

- The Board of Directors met four times during the year on 29.05.2019, 10.08.2019, 09.11.2019 and 12.02.2020. All the Directors were present in all the meetings.
- The Audit Committee formed under Section 177 of Companies Act 2013, consisting of Mr. Ashok Gupta, Chairman; Mr. Atul Bagla and Mr. K.N. Khandelwal met four times during the year on 29.05.2019, 10.08.2019, 99.11.2019 and 12.02.2020. All the members were present in all the meetings.
- During the year, Nomination and Remuneration Committee consisting of Mr. Ashok Gupta, Chairman: Mr. Atul Bagla, Mr.

- Anil Kamthan and Mr. K.N. Khandelwal met one time during the year on 29.05.2019. All the members were present in the meetina.
- The Stake Holders Relationship Committee consisting of Mr. Anil Kamthan, Chairman; Mr. K.N. Khandelwal and Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal met once on 25.03.2020 to take note of investor complaints/grievances. All the members were present in the meeting.

iv. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the Company. DISC LOSURE UNDER SECTION 186: LOANS AND INVESTMENTS

Loans and investments were made for deployment of surplus funds which are within the limits as prescribed u/s 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. Details are given in financial statements annexed in the Annual Report for F.Y. 2019-20.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

Information required in "Form A" is not being given as our unit does not fall under specified industry mentioned in the relevant

TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

The Company's plant has been designed on the continuous process technology of M/s. Extractions Technik, Gmbh, Germany. No expenditure has been incurred in in-house research and

viii. IMPORTS / EXPORTS AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE FARNINGS AND OUTGO

There was no import/export and no foreign exchange earnings and

outgo incurred during the year under review. REMUNERATION PAID TO EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNAL

Details of remuneration paid to Directors, KMPs are given in Form No. MGT-9. Further, details as required under Rule 5(1) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 read with section 197(12) of the Act, is given in Annexure III. Executive directors have been paid minimum remuneration as approved by the Shareholders. Non-accutive Directors have been paid the brighting from executive Directors have been paid only sitting fees.

There was no employee getting salary in excess of the limit as specified under Rule 5(2) of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014 read with section 197(12) of the Act, throughout or part of the year under review

SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

No complaint has been received under the aforesaid Act during the year under reference

ENVIORNMENT AND SAFETY

The Company's plant is closed hence there is no question of any pollution of any sort. It has taken all necessary precautions and action for safety of its assets and properties and all approvals necessary are in place.

LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES

The Equity shares continue to be listed with BSE Ltd. The Company has paid the Annual Listing fee for the year 2019-20 to the said stock exchange.

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES/APPOINTMENT OF RTA

The Company has necessary arrangement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) to enable the shareholders to dematerialize their shareholding in the Company for which they may contact the Depository Participant of the above Depository. The Company's ISIN No. is INE687W01010.

M/s Alankit Assignments Limited, New Delhi continues as its Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) for providing services in respect of transfer and dematerialization of securities of the Company with NSDL/CDSL.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

After seeking necessary approvals, the management has been trying for sale/lease of the plant/undertaking. Few proposals for leasing the godowns were under final stage but could not be implemented due to constraints which were being removed but COVID-19 now resulted in collapse of these. Now steps shall be taken afresh. In the mean time, action is being taken to make modifications in the godowns to make these fit for lease/letting.

COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE SECRETARIAL STANDARD

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards, SS-1 on Meetings of the Board of Directors and SS-2 on General Meetings issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

ACKNOWLÉDGMENT

Your Directors thank all the Stakeholders including employees for their continued support to your Company

FOR AND ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Place: Kanpur Date: **14.08.2020**

K N KHANDELWAL (CHAIRMAN)

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Annexure - I

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. 51/47,NayaGanj

Kanpur 208001.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Khandelwal Extractions Ltd.(hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon. Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, the explanations and clarifications given to me and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry Of Corporate Affairs/other Authorities warranted due to spread of Covid-19 pandemic, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have relied upon the accuracy of the documents and information as shared by the Company with me through appropriate Information Technology tools to assist us in completing the secretarial audit work during lock down period due to pandemic Covid-19 and the same is subject to physical verification by me post normalization of the situation.

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Khandelwal Extractions Ltd. for the financial year ended on $31^{\rm sr}$ March, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- (1)The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under; (2)The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under:
- (3)The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under:
- (4)Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under.
- (5)The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act')
- a)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015; (c)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure
- Requirements) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable during the Audit Period) (d)The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 2014.(Not applicable during the Audit Period).
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable during the Audit Period).
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with clients;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable during the Audit Period)
- (6) I further report that reliance has been placed on the management representation by company for compliances and systems and mechanisms formed by the Company on compliance with other laws; there is no specific Law applicable to the Company: I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreement(LODR) entered into by the Company with the Bombay Stock Exchange Limited. Shares of the Company are listed at Bombay Stock Exchange Limited. For transfer of shares to suspense account as per clause 39 of LODR Regulations, letters has been issued to the concerned shareholders for claiming undelivered/unclaimed shares of physical segment and the process is under compliance but could not be completed before close of financial year due to continued lock down on account of Covid-19 pandemic.

(UP Stock Exchange ceased to be a recognized Stock Exchange in June 2015 Listing Agreement with said Exchange also ceased).

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

I have relied on the information and representation made by the Company and its Officers for systems and mechanism formed by the Company for compliances under other applicable Acts, Laws, and Regulations to the Company.

I further report that the Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Director, Non-Executive Director and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting. All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee(s) of the Board, as the case may be.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no other events having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc. except the following:

(i)The Company closed its plant and manufacturing operations in November 2018; Obtained members consent for sale, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of undertaking of the Company in the Annual General Meeting of September 2018; Steps to find suitable buyer in process.

(ii)As per Exchange regulatory filing of Financial Results for 2019-20 since Manufacturing operations closed since November 2018 and company resolved for sale, lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of undertaking of the Company there is significant doubt upon entity's ability to continue as going concern. In opinion of management realizable value of assets is not lower than amount appearing in books and therefore, there is no need to provide for any impairment loss.

(iii) Lock down owing to Covid-19 pandemic was declared on March 24th 2020, for six weeks and then from time to time in different parts of the Country, its impact may be known in next financial year 2020-2021.

Signature

Banthia And Company

Place :Kanpur Date :August14, 2020 UDIN : A004933B000575382

G.K.Banthia (Prop.) ACS No.:4933; C P No.:1405

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as ${\bf Annexure\,A}$ and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure A

To,

The Members
Khandelwal Extractions Ltd.
51/47,NayaGanj
Kanpur 208001.

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- 1.It is the responsibility of the management of the company to maintain secretarial record, devise proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all the applicable laws and to ensure that the systems are adequate and operate effectively.
- 2.Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 3 We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- 4. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of finance records and Books of Accounts of the company
- Where ever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

Disclaimer:

Place: Kanpur

Date :August14, 2020

UDIN: A004933B000575382

6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

Signature

Banthia And Company

G.K.Banthia (Prop.) ACS No.:4933: C P No.:1405

Annexure - II

FORM NO. MGT 9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN As on financial year ended on 31.03.2020

Pursuant to Section 92 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Company (Management & Administration) Rules, 2014.

. RE	GISTRATION & OTHER DETAILS:	
1	CIN	L24241UP1981PLC005282
2	Registration Date	24.04.1981
3	Name of the Company	M/s KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED
4	Category/Sub-category of the Company	
5	Address of the Registered office & contact details	51/47, NAYAGANJ, KANPUR-208001
6	Whether listed company	LISTED (BSE)
7	Name, Address & contact details of the Registrar & Transfer Agent, if any.	ALANKIT ASSIGNMENTS LIMITED, 4E/2, ALANKIT HOUSE, JHANDEWALAN EXTENSION, NEW DELHI-110055 PH:011-42541234/23541234

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

(All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated)-SOLVENT EXTRACTIONS PLANT

		,	
S. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/service	% to total turnover of the company
1	RICE BRAN OIL		0.00
2	DEOILED RICE BRAN		0.00
			0.00

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -NIL

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN

(Equity share capital breakup as percentage of total equity)

(i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Sh		the beginning	ng of the year 9]	No. of Shares held at the end of the year [As on 31-March-2020]				% Change during the year
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian									
a) Individual/ HUF	3,26,000	1,600	3,27,600	38.54%	3,27,600	-	3,27,600	38.54%	0.00%
b) Central Govt			-	-			-	-	-
c) State Govt(s)			-	-			-	-	-
d) Bodies Corp.			-	-			-	-	-
e) Banks / FI			-	-			-	-	-
f) Any other			-	-			-	-	-
Sub Total (A) (1)	3,26,000	1,600	3,27,600	38.54%	3,27,600	-	3,27,600	38.54%	0.00%
(2) Foreign									
a) NRI Individuals			-	-			-	-	-
b) Other Individuals			-	-			-	-	-
c) Bodies Corp.			-	-			-	-	-
d) Any other			-	-			-	-	-
Sub Total (A) (2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL (A)	3,26,000	1,600	3,27,600	38.54%	3,27,600	-	3,27,600	38.54%	0.00%
Shareholding									
B. Public									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds			-	-			-	-	-
b) Banks / FI			-	-			-	-	-
c) Central Govt			-	-			-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)			-	-			-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds			-	-			-	-	-

f) Insurance Companies			-	-			-	-	-
g) FIIs			-	-			•	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds				-			•		-
i) Others (specify)			-	-			-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-
2. Non-Institutions									
a) Bodies Corp.									
i) Indian	-	5,600	5,600	0.66%	-	5,600	5,600	0.66%	0.00%
ii) Overseas			-	-			-	-	-
b) Individuals									
i) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 2 lakh	25,300	3,08,200	3,33,500	39.23%	41860	2,91,700	3,33,560	39.23%	0.00%
ii) Individual shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs 2 lakh				0.00%				0.00%	0.00%
c) Others (specify)									
Non Resident Indians	-	1,83,400	1,83,400	21.57%	13900	1,69,300	1,83,200	21.55%	-0.02%
HUF	-	-	-	-	140	-	140	0.02%	0.02%
Overseas Corporate Bodies			-	-			-	-	-
Foreign Nationals			-	-			-	-	-
Clearing Members			-	-			-	-	-
Trusts			-	-			-	-	-
Foreign Bodies - D R			-	-			-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2):-	25,300	4,97,200	5,22,500	61.46%	55,900	4,66,600	5,22,500	61.46%	0.00%
Total Public (B)	25,300	4,97,200	5,22,500	61.46%	55,900	4,66,600	5,22,500	61.46%	0.00%
C. Shares held by Custodian for GDRs & ADRs	·	•	•	-	·			-	-
Grand Total (A+B+C)	3,51,300	4,98,800	8,50,100	100.00%	3,83,500	4,66,600	8,50,100	100.00%	0.00%

(ii) Shareholding of Promoter

SN	Shareholder's Name	Shareho	olding at the beginning	of the year	Shareholding a	it the end of th	ie year	% change in
		No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total Shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the Company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total Shares	shareholding during the year
1	Anil Khandelwal	33300	3.92%	NIL	33300	3.92%	NIL	-
2	Abodh Khandelwal	4500	0.53%	NIL	5600	0.66%	NIL	0.13%
3	Anjana Khandelwal	14950	1.76%	NIL	14950	1.76%	NIL	-
4	Dinesh Khandelwal	42000	4.94%	NIL	42000	4.94%	NIL	-
5	Eti Khandelwal	12800	1.51%	NIL	12800	1.51%	NIL	-
6	Kailash Nath Khandelwal	35000	4.12%	NIL	35000	4.12%	NIL	-
7	Kiran Khandelwal	10000	1.18%	NIL	10000	1.18%	NIL	-
8	Krishna Khandelwal	1400	0.16%	NIL	1400	0.16%	NIL	-
9	Radha Rani Khandelwal	22300	2.62%	NIL	22300	2.62%	NIL	-
10	Rajni Khandelwal	9200	1.08%	NIL	9200	1.08%	NIL	-
11	Ruchi Gupta	5250	0.62%	NIL	5250	0.62%	NIL	-
12	Rohit Khandelwal	19600	2.31%	NIL	19600	2.31%	NIL	-
13	Sudhir Kumar Khandelwal	23250	2.73%	NIL	23250	2.73%	NIL	-
14	Shruti Khandelwal	12700	1.49%	NIL	12700	1.49%	NIL	-
15	Vishwa Nath Khandelwal	29650	3.49%	NIL	29650	3.49%	NIL	-
16	Vinita Khandelwal	5500	0.65%	NIL	5500	0.65%	NIL	-
17	Vijay Kumar Khandelwal	1100	0.13%	NIL	-	0.00%	NIL	-0.13%
18	Abhishek Khandelwal	13150	1.55%	NIL	13150	1.55%	NIL	-
19	Yash Khandelwal	30350	3.57%	NIL	30350	3.57%	NIL	-
20	Anil Khandelwal (HUF)	1600	0.19%	NIL	1600	0.19%	NIL	-
	TOTAL	327600	38.54%		327600	38.54%		0.00%

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(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change)

. ' '	. 0						
SN	Particulars	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Shareholding at the er	d of the year	% change in shareholding
			No. of shares	% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares	during the year
	At the beginning of the year						
	Abodh Khandelwal		4,500	0.53%	5,600	0.66%	0.13%
	Vijay Kumar Khandelwal		1,100	0.13%	-	0.00%	-0.13%

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders

(Other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SN	For each of the Top 10 shareholders	Date	Reason	Shareholding at the beginning of the ye		ing of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
				No. of shares		% of total shares	No. of shares	% of total share	
1	BHAGWANDAS HARIDAS			13500		1.59%	13500	1.59	
2	SHIVAN KHANDELWAL			13000		1.53%	13000	1.53	
3	JAI KUMAR BHAGWANDAS			12500		1.47%	12500	1.47	
4	JAI KUMAR BHAGWANDAS			9000		1.06%	9000	1.06	
5	KISHORE KUMAR SUNDERDAS			7500		0.88%	7500	0.88	
6	AJIT KHANDELWAL			7500		0.88%	7500	0.88	
7	VINOD KUMAR BHAGWANDAS			5500		0.65%	5500	0.65	
8	VINOD KUMAR BHAGWANDAS			4500		0.53%	4500	0.53	
9	H. SRINIVASA KAMATH			4300		0.51%	4300	0.51	
10	MADAN MOHAN MIGLANI			3300		0.39%	3300	0.39	
				80600		9.48%	80600	9.48	

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel :

SN	Shareholding of each Directors and	Date	Reason	Reason Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
	each Key Managerial Personnel			No. of shares		% of total shares	No. of shares		% of total shares
1	Mr. K.N. Khandelwal			35000		4.12%	35000		4.12%
2	Mr. V.N. khandelwal			29650		3.49%	29650		3.49%
3	Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal			42000		4.94%	42000		4.94%
4	Mr.Ashok Gupta			100		0.01%	100		0.01%
5	Mr. Atul Bagla			100		0.01%	100		0.01%
6	Mr. Anil Kamthan			100		0.01%	100		0.01%
7	Mrs. Rekha Kejriwal			-		-	-		-
8	Ms. Surabhi Pasari			-		-	-		-

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment.

(Amt. Rs./Lacs)

				(7 tint: 1 to:/Ed00)
Particulars	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the fin	ancial year			
i) Principal Amount	-	120.00	=	120.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	120.00	-	120.00
Change in Indebtedness during the final	ncial year			
* Addition	-	-	•	-
* Reduction	-	-	-	•
Net Change	-	-		-
Indebtedness at the end of the financial	year			
i) Principal Amount	-	120.00	-	120.00
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	120.00	-	120.00

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/WTD/ Manager		Total Amount
	Name	V.N.KHANDELWAL	DINESH KHANDELWAL	(Rs)
	Designation	WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR	CFO	
1	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	3,60,000	3,60,000	7,20,000
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (Excluding Gratuity & Medical reimbursement)	43,200	43,200	86,400
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961	NIL		-
2	Stock Option	NIL		-
3	Sweat Equity	NIL		-
	Commission			-
4	- as % of profit	NIL		-
	- others, specify	NIL		-
5	Others, please specify	NIL		-
	Total (A)	4,03,200	4,03,200	8,06,400
	Ceiling as per the Act			

B. Remuneration to other Directors

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of Directors			Total Amount
						(Rs)
1	Independent Directors	Ashok Gupta	Atul Bagla	Anil Kamthan	Rekha Kejriwal	
	Fee for attending board /committee meetings	9,000	9,000	6,000	4,000	28,000
	Commission					_
	Others, please specify					-
	Total (1)	9,000	9,000	6,000	4,000	28,000
2	Other Non-Executive Directors	Kailash Nath Khandelwal				-
	Fee for attending board /committee meetings	10,000				10,000
	Commission					-
	Others, please specify					-
	Total (2)	10,000	-	-	-	10,000
	Total (B)=(1+2)	19,000	9,000	6,000	4,000	38,000
	Total Managerial Remuneration					8,44,400
	Overall Ceiling as per the Act	Minimum Remuneration as per ap	proval of members			

C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD

SN.	Particulars of Remuneration	Na	me of Key Managerial Personnel	Total Amount
	Name	Surabhi Pasari		(Rs)
	Designation	CS		
1	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	2,28,000		2,28,000
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961			-
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income- tax Act, 1961			-
2	Stock Option			-
3	Sweat Equity			-
	Commission			
4	- as % of profit			-
	- others, specify			-
5	Others, please specify			-
	Total	2,28,000		2,28,000

ANNEXURE III

<u>Disclosure in the Directors' Report under Section 197(12) of Companies Act, 2013 read</u> with Rule 5 (1) & (2) of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration) Rules, 2014

(i)	The Ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median	Director's Name	Ratio to median remuneration
	remuneration of the employees of the	Mr. V.N. Khandelwal	1.46:1
	Company for the financial year 2019-20	Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal	1.46:1
(ii)	The Percentage increase in remuneration of each	Designation	% increase in remuneration
	Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive	Mr. V.N. Khandelwal Director (Works)	Nil
	Officer, Company Secretary or Manager if	Mr. Dinesh Khandelwal Director (Finance) & CFO	Nil
	any in the financial year 2019-20 compared to	Ms. Surabhi Pasari, Company Secretary	5.55%
	2018-19	Other Directors are paid sitting fees only Details mentioned in MGT-9	-
(iii)	Percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2019-20 compared to 2018-19	Nil	
(iv)	Number of permanent employees on the rolls of	As on 31.03.2020	As on 31.03.2019
	the Company	8	12

(v) The Board of Directors of the Company affirms that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

Names of every employee of the company as per Rule 5(2) - NIL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Members of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited thefinancial statements of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, and the statement of Profit and Lossinciuding Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act , read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ,("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and the loss, Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financialstatements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules there under, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

We draw attention to Note No25 of the financial statements which describes the following matters: Manufacturing operations at Akrampur Magarwara factory had been closed on 1 November 2018. There is significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, as the Company has planned to sell or lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of theundertaking situated at Akrampur-Magarwara, Distt. Unnao. However, the management is of the opinion that realizable value of all assets is not lower than the amount appearing in the booksand therefore there is no need to provide for any impairment loss.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Information Other than the financial statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis,Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that facts, we have nothing to report in this regard..

Management's Responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, Total Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements , management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal financial control relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section
 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our
 opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in
 place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

$Report \, on \, Other \, Legal \, and \, Regulatory \, Requirements$

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"),

issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, statement of changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Ind Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements -Refer Note No 29.
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Place: Kanpur Date: 27-06-2020 Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250 UDIN NO20073250AAAAAS6482

ANNEXURE-A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT Re: KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of the Company on the financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020, we report that:

- i. In respect of its Fixed Assets:
 - (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) All the assets have not been physically verified by the management during the year but there is a regular programme of verification which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of registered sale deed /transfer deed/ conveyance deed and other relevant records evidencing title provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of land and building are held in the name of the company as at the balance sheet date, except the following:

Particular of land	Gross Block as at 31-03- 2020 Rs.	Net Block as at 31-03- 2020 Rs.	Remarks
Freehold land (two cases))	1,55,124	1,55,124	The title deeds of land is held in the erstwhile name of the company - KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

- ii. In respect of its Inventories:
 - As explained to us, inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals and discrepancies noticed on verification between physical stocks and the book records were not material.
- iii. In respect of loans, secured or unsecured, granted by the Company to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013, according to the information and explanations given to us:
 - The Company has not granted any loan to Companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Thereforethe provisions of paragraph 3 (iii) the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans and investments made.
- v. In our opinion and according to information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any deposits within the provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 . Therefore, the provisions of paragraph (v) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us ,the Central Government has not prescribed maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of section 148 the Companies Act, 2013

for the products of the company.

- According to the information and explanations given to us, in respect of statutory and other dues:
 - (a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods & Service Tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no
 - undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of custom, duty of excise, value added tax, Goods & Service Tax, cess and other statutory dues were in arrear as at 31st March, 2020 for a period more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there is no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, Goods & Service Tax and duty of custom, duty of excise or value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- viii. As the company has no Loan outstanding from Financial institutions, Bank or Debenture holders at any time during the year, the provisions of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are, therefore, not applicable to the company.
- ix. The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loan during the year. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph (ix) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- x. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- xi. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the company, the company has paid/provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule Vto the Act.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, provisions of paragraph3 (xii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transaction with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non cash transactions with directors or person connected with them. Accordingly provisions of paragraph (xv) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) order, 2016, are not applicable to the company.
- The Company is not required to be registered under 45 –IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Place: Kanpur Date: 27-06-2020 Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250 UDIN NO20073250AAAAAS6482

ANNEXURE –"B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and

appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gupta Vaish& Co. Chartered Accountants Registration Number: 005087C

Rajendra Gupta (PARTNER) Membership Number: 073250 UDIN NO20073250AAAAAS6482

Place: Kanpur Date: 27-06-2020

		KINACIIONS LIWI		
BALANCE SHEET AS	AT 31st MARC	Н, 2020		
			As At	As At
		NOTES	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
ASSETS			Rs.	Rs.
Non-Current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equip	ment	2	94,67,097	99,81,026
Deferred Tax Assets (net)		_ 11	40,64,700	29,10,700
(,		•	1,35,31,797	1,28,91,726
		•	, , , , , ,	
Current Assets				
Inventories		3	1,81,232	9,28,650
Financial Assets:			, ,	
Investments		4	10,72,182	_
Cash and Cash equivalen	ts	5	54,89,009	72,27,884
Loans		6	79,00,000	1,00,00,000
Current Tax Assets (Net)		7	1,07,954	4,01,819
Other Current Assets		8	75,09,366	72,16,159
			2,22,59,743	2,57,74,512
TOTAL		•	3,57,91,540	3,86,66,238
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		•	-,- ,- ,-	
Equity Equity Share Capital		9	88,00,500	88,00,500
Other Equity		10	1,16,89,174	
Other Equity		10 .	2,04,89,674	1,59,44,855 2,47,45,355
LIABILITIES		•	2,04,03,074	2,47,40,000
Current Liabilities				
Financial Liabilities:				
Trade Payables		12	6,80,699	5,60,814
Other Financial liabilities		13	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
Other Current Liabilities		13	26,21,167	13,60,069
Other Current Liabilities			1,53,01,866	1,39,20,883
TOTAL		•	3,57,91,540	3,86,66,238
Accounting policies and no	tes on financial state	ments 1 to 30	0,01,01,040	0,00,00,200
,				
As per our report of even date atta	ched			
For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration No. 005087C		DINESH KHANDELWAL (Director-Finance & CFO)		NDELWAL rson)
RAJENDRA GUPTA (Partner)	SURABHI PASARI (Company Secretary)	V.N. KHANDELWAL (Whole Time Director)	ASHOK ((Indepen	GUPTA dent Director)
Membership No. 073250 Place: Kanpur				

	KHANDELWAL E	XTRACTIONS	LIMITED	
STATEMENT OF PROFIT	Γ & LOSS FOR THE Y	EAR ENDED 31	st MARCH, 2020	
			Year Ended	Year Ended
		Notes	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
			Rs.	Rs.
INCOME				
Revenue from operation	ns	15	-	5,37,16,883
Other Income		16	18,95,909	24,20,279
Total Income		<u>.</u>	18,95,909	5,61,37,162
EXPENSES:				
Cost of Materials Consu	umed (Ricebran)		-	2,42,92,322
Changes in inventories	of finished stock	17	-	2,02,35,930
Employees Benefits Ex	pense	18	28,56,189	54,10,177
Finance cost		19	10,80,000	23,29,959
Depreciation and amort	ization expense		5,13,929	5,13,929
Other Expenses		20	29,23,626	83,73,341
Total Expenses			73,73,744	6,11,55,658
Profit/ (Loss) before Tax	((54,77,835)	(50,18,496)
Tax Expenses: Current Tax Tax Adjustment of earlie Deferred Tax Credit Profit/ (Loss) for the per Other Comprehensive Interest that will not be reclaid.	riod ncome		- 4,028 (11,54,000) (43,27,863)	(43,696) (14,37,441) (35,37,359)
Fair Value change on Equ				
Other Comprehensive Inc	•		72,182	-
Total Comprehensive In		•	(42,55,681)	(35,37,359)
Earning per equity share	of Rs 10 each	: -		
Basic and Diluted		21	(5.01)	(4.16)
Accounting policies and	d notes on financial			
statements		1 to 30		
As per our report of even date att For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration No. 005087C	ached	DINESH KHANDEL		IANDELWAL
		(Director- Finance &	& CFO) (Chairp	ersuri)
RAJENDRA GUPTA (Partner)	SURABHI PASARI (Company Secretary)	V.N. KHANDELWAL (Whole Time Directo		GUPTA ndent Director)
Place: Kanpur Date: 27.06.2020		J 15 L		

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2020

			2019-20		2018-19
Α	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Rs.		Rs.
	Net Profit Before Taxation		(54,05,653)		(50,18,496)
	Adjustments for:				
	Interest Income	(18,92,788)		(24,18,779)	
	Dividend Income	(3,125)		(1,500)	
	Other comprehensive income	(72,182)		-	
	Finance Cost	10,80,000		23,29,959	
	Depreciation	5,13,929	(3,74,166)	5,13,929	4,23,609
	Operating Profit before Working Capital changes		(57,79,819)		(45,94,887)
	Adjustments for:				
	(Increase)/Decrease in Trade & Other Receivables	(2,68,043)		88,34,496	
	(Increase)/Decrease in Inventories	7,47,418		4,73,36,512	
	Increase/(Decrease) in Trade & Other Payables	13,80,983	18,60,358	(1,87,64,484)	3,74,06,524
	Cash generated from operations		(39,19,461)		3,28,11,637
	Adjusted for:				
	Income Tax Paid (Net)	4,75,972		36,740	
			4,75,972		36,740
	Net Cash from Operating Activities		(34,43,489)		3,28,48,377
В	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
	Purchase of Investments		(10,00,000)		-
	Dividend Received		3,125		1,500
	Interest Received(Net of TDS)		16,81,489		21,11,571
	Recovery of Loan		21,00,000		40,00,000
	Net Cash from Investing Activities		27,84,614		61,13,071
С	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	Redemption of Preference Shares		-		(10,00,000)
	Movement in Cash Credit		-		(2,84,38,634)
	Interest paid including Dividend and Dividend Tax		(10,80,000)		(24,74,625)
	Net Cash used in Financing Activities		(10,80,000)		(3,19,13,259)
	Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash & Cash equivalents (A)+(B)+(C)		(17,38,875)		70,48,189
	Opening Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents		72,27,884		1,79,695
	Closing Balance of Cash & Cash Equivalents		54,89,009		72,27,884

Notes:

- 1. Cash and Cash Equilvalents consist of cash on hand and balances with bank.
- 2. Reconciliaiton of Cash and Cash Equivalents: Cash and Cash Equivalents as per Note No. 5

As per our report attached

For Gupta Vaish & Co. Chartered Accountants Registration No. 005087C

DINESH KHANDELWAL (Director- Finance & CFO) (Chairperson)

RAJENDRA GUPTA SURABHI PASARI V.N. KHANDELWAL ASHOK GUPTA (Partner) (Company Secretary) (Whole Time Director) (Independent Director) Membership No. 073250

Place: Kanpur Date: 27.06.2020

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31st March,2020

A. Equity Share Capital (In Rs.)

1 7		1 - /
Balance at the beginning of the Reporting Period i.e. 01st April, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2019-20	Balance at the end of the Reporting
		Period i.e. 31st
		March, 2020
88,00,500	-	88,00,500

	Capital Redemption Reserve		Retained Earnings		
As on 31st March, 2020					
Balance as at 1st April, 2019	50,00,000	96,25,000	13,19,855	-	1,59,44,855
Profit/(Loss) for the year	-	-	(43,27,863)	-	(43,27,863)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	-	72,182	72,182
Balance as at 31st March, 2020	50,00,000	96,25,000	(30,08,008)	72,182	1,16,89,174

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2020

Note 1: SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

Khandelwal Extractions Limited (the "Company") is a company domiciled in India and limited by shares (CIN: L24241UP1981PLC005282). The shares of the company are publicly traded on the BSE Limited. The address of the company's registered office is 51/47, 3rd floor, Kesharwani Bhawan, Nayaganj, Kanpur-208001. The company is primarily engaged in the manufacturing and sale of solvent oil.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

1.2 Current and non-current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is treated as current when:

- (a) it expects to realise the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle;
- (b) it holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) it expects to realise the asset within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) the asset is cash or a cash equivalent (as defined in Ind AS 7) unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. All other assets are classified as non-current.

An entity shall classify a liability as current when:

- (a) it expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle;
- (b) it holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading;
- (c) the liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; or
- (d) it does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

1.3 Revenue recognition

1.3.1 Sales revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions have been satisfied:

- the entity has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the entity retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- (c) the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes, levies or duties collected on behalf of the government/other statutory bodies.

The taxes, levies or duties are not considered to be received by the Company on its own account and are excluded from net revenue.

1.3.2 Interest

Interest income is recognised using the Effective Interest Method.

1.3.3 Dividend

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the rights to

receive payment is established.

1.3.4 Other Claims

Other claims (including interest on delayed realization from customers) are accounted for, when there is certainty of realisation.

1.4 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE)

Land is carried at historical cost. Historical cost includes expenditure which are directly attributable to the acquisition of the land like, rehabilitation expenses, resettlement cost etc.

After recognition, an item of all other Property, plant and equipment are carried at its cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses under Cost Model. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment comprises:

- (a) its purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- (b) any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- (c) the initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which an entity incurs either when the item is acquired or as a consequence of having used the item during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item depreciated separately. However, significant part(s) of an item of PPE having same useful life and depreciation method are grouped together in determining the depreciation charge.

Costs of the day to-day servicing described as for the 'repairs and maintenance' are recognised in the statement of profit and loss in the period in which the same are incurred.

Subsequent Measurement

Subsequent cost of replacing parts of an item of property, plant and equipment are recognised in the carrying amount of the item, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognised in accordance with the derecognition policy mentioned below.

When major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the item of property, plant and equipment as a replacement if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company; and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Any remaining carrying amount of the cost of the previous inspection (as distinct from physical parts) is derecognised.

An item of Property, plant or equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from the continued use of assets. Any gain or loss arising on such de recognition of an item of property plant and equipment is recognised in profit and Loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment, except freehold land, is provided on straight line method based on useful life specified in schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual value of Property, plant and equipment is considered as 5% of the original cost of the asset.

Depreciation on the assets added / disposed of during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the month of addition / disposal.

Capital Expenses incurred by the company on construction/ development of certain assets which are essential for production, supply of goods or for the access to any existing Assets of the company are recognised as Enabling Assets under Property, Plant and Equipment.

Transition to Ind AS

The company elected to continue with the carrying value as per cost

model (for all of its property, plant and equipment as recognised in the financial statements as at the date of transition to Ind AS (01-04-2017), measured as per the previous GAAP.

1.5 Impairment of Assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity

1.6.1 Financial assets

1.6.1 Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

1.6.2 Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in four categories:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments, derivatives and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
- Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

1.6.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

With regard to trade receivable, the Company applies the simplified approach as permitted by Ind AS 109, *Financial Instruments*, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from the initial recognition of the trade receivables.

The Company assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's or cash-generating unit's value in use and its fair value less costs of disposal, and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, in which case the recoverable amount is determined for the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6.4 Financial liabilities

1.6.4.1 Initial recognition and measurement

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts.

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

1.6.4.2 Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification as described below:

1.6.4.3 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognized in OCI. These gains/ loss are not subsequently transferred to P&L. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

1.6.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

1.7 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are expensed as incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets i.e. the assets that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for intended use, in which case they are capitalised as part of the cost of those asset up to the date when the qualifying asset is ready for its intended use.

1.8 Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive Income or equity.

Current Tax:

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred Tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

1.9 Employee Benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is

provided. A liability is recognised for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. The company has following defined contribution plans:

-) Provident fund
- b) Superannuation scheme

(iii) Defined benefit plans

The company net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income. Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset), to the net defined liability (asset) at the start of the financial year after taking into account any changes as a result of contribution and benefit payments during the year. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

The company has following defined benefit plans:

a) Gratuity

The company provides for its gratuity liability based on actuarial valuation of the gratuity liability as at the Balance Sheet date, based on Projected Unit Credit Method, carried out by an independent actuary and contributes to the gratuity fund of the company. The contributions made are recognized as plan assets. The defined benefit obligation as reduced by fair value of plan assets is recognized in the Balance Sheet. Re-measurements are recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income, net of tax in the year in which they arise.

1.10 Foreign Currency Transactions

The company's reported currency and the functional currency for majority of its operations is in Indian Rupees (INR) being the principal currency of the economic environment in which it operates.

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into the reported currency of the company using the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies outstanding at the end of the reporting period are translated at the exchange rates prevailing as at the end of reporting period. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary assets and liabilities or on translating monetary assets and liabilities at rates different from those at which they were translated on initial recognition during the period or in previous financial statements are recognised in statement of profit and loss in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currency are valued at the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction date.

1.11 Inventories

i) Inventories are valued as follows:

Raw materials, packing materials, stores and spares	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by using First in First Out (FIFO) method . Materials and other items held for use in the production of inventories are not written down below costs, if finished goods in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost
Work-in-progress, finished goods and traded goods	Lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes direct materials, labour and a proportion of manufacturing overheads. Cost of finished goods includes excise duty, wherever applicable.
Waste	At net realisable value

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and to make the sale.

- Work-in-progress, finished goods and traded goods have been valued as per the principles and basis consistently followed.
- Provision for obsolete/ old inventories is made, wherever required.

1.12 Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

1.13 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities & Contingent Assets

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

All provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future uncertain events not wholly within the control of the company, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

Contingent Assets are not recognised in the financial statements. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

1.14 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are computed by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per shares is computed by dividing the profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per shares and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

1.15 Judgements, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make estimates, judgements and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the amount of revenue and expenses during the reported period. Applications of accounting policies involving complex and subjective judgements and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed. Accounting estimates could change from period

to period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimate are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

1.15.1 Judgements

In the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, management has made the following judgements, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements:

1.15.1.1 Formulation of Accounting Policies

Accounting policies are formulated in a manner that result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about the transactions, other events and conditions to which they apply. Those policies need not be applied when the effect of applying them is immaterial

In the absence of an Ind AS that specifically applies to a transaction, other event or condition, management has used its judgement in developing and applying an accounting policy that results in information that is:

- a) relevant to the economic decision-making needs of users and
- b) reliable in that financial statements:
 - (i) represent faithfully the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the entity; (ii) reflect the economic substance of transactions, other events and conditions, and not merely the legal form; (iii) are neutral, i.e. free from bias; (iv) are prudent; and (v) are complete in all material respects on a consistent basis

In making the judgement management refers to, and considers the applicability of, the following sources in descending order:

(a) the requirements in led A.S. dealing with similar and related insures:

- (a) the requirements in Ind ASs dealing with similar and related issues; and
- (b) the definitions, recognition criteria and measurement concepts for assets, liabilities, income and expenses in the Framework.

In making the judgement, management considers the most recent pronouncements of International Accounting Standards Board and in absence thereof those of the other standard-setting bodies that use a similar conceptual framework to develop accounting standards, other accounting literature and accepted industry practices, to the extent that these do not conflict with the sources in above paragraph.

1.15.1.2 Materiality

Ind AS applies to items which are material. Management uses judgment in deciding whether individual items or groups of item are material in the financial statements. Materiality is judged by reference to the size and nature of the item. The deciding factor is whether omission or misstatement could individually or collectively influence the economic decisions that users make on the basis of the financial statements. Management also uses judgement of materiality for determining the compliance requirement of the Ind AS. In particular circumstances either the nature or the amount of an item or aggregate of items could be the determining factor. Further an entity may also be required to present separately immaterial items when required by law.

1.15.2 Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the financial statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

1.15.2.1 Impairment of non-financial assets

There is an indication of impairment if, the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Company considers individual PPE as separate cash generating units for the purpose of test of impairment. The value in use calculation is based on a DCF model. The cash flows are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Company is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the CGU being tested. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the DCF model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

1.15.2.2 Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognised for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

1.15.2.3 Defined benefit plans

The cost of the defined benefit gratuity plan and other postemployment medical benefits and the present value of the gratuity obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates.

Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date. The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. In determining the appropriate discount rate for plans operated in India, the management considers the interest rates of government bonds in currencies consistent with the currencies of the post-employment benefit obligation.

1.15.2.4 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the DCF model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgement is required in establishing fair values. Judgements include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

1.16 Abbreviation used:

a.	CGU	Cash generating unit
b.	DCF	Discounted Cash Flow
C.	FVTOCI	Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income
d.	FVTPL	Fair value through Profit & Loss
e.	GAAP	Generally accepted accounting principal
f.	Ind AS	Indian Accounting Standards
g.	OCI	Other Comprehensive Income
h.	P&L	Profit and Loss
i.	PPE	Property, Plant and Equipment

NON-CURRENT ASSETS

2. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(In Rs.)

ĺ	Gross Block						
Particulars	Opening Balance as on 01.04.2018	made during	Deletions made during the year	Balance as on 31.03.2019	Additions made during the year	Deletions made during the year	Balance as on 31.03.2019
Tangible Assets							
Freehold Land	5,46,002	-	-	5,46,002	-	-	5,46,002
Factory Buildings	1,03,01,014	-	-	1,03,01,014	-	-	1,03,01,014
Plant and equipments	1,92,94,486	-	-	1,92,94,486	-	-	1,92,94,486
Furniture and Fixtures	1,57,128	-	-	1,57,128	-	-	1,57,128
Vehicles	15,33,541	-	-	15,33,541	-	-	15,33,541
TOTAL	3,18,32,171	-	-	3,18,32,171	-	-	3,18,32,171

	Depreciation Block								
Particulars	Upto 31.03.2018	Depreciation for the year	Adjustments during the year	Upto 31.03.2019	Depreciation for the year	Adjustments during the year	Upto 31.03.2020		
Tangible Assets									
Freehold Land	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Factory Buildings	48,77,273	1,96,692	-	50,73,965	1,96,692	-	52,70,657		
Plant and equipments	1,59,13,160	1,70,237	-	1,60,83,397	1,70,237	-	1,62,53,634		
Furniture and Fixtures	1,55,803	-	-	1,55,803	-	-	1,55,803		
Vehicles	3,90,980	1,47,000	-	5,37,980	1,47,000	-	6,84,980		
TOTAL	2,13,37,216	5,13,929	-	2,18,51,145	5,13,929	-	2,23,65,074		

	Net Block			
Particulars	As at 31st March	As at 31st		
	2020	March 2019		
Tangible Assets				
Freehold Land	5,46,002	5,46,002		
Factory Buildings	50,30,357	52,27,049		
Plant and equipments	30,40,852	32,11,089		
Furniture and Fixtures	1,325	1,325		
Vehicles	8,48,561	9,95,561		
TOTAL	94,67,097	99,81,026		

Note: The title deed of immovable property included in property plant & equipment are held in the name of company except the following:

Particulars of Immovable Property	Gross Block as at 31-03-2020	Net Block as at 31-03-2020	Remarks
Freehold land (two cases)	155124	15512/	The title deeds of land is held in the erstwhile name of the company - KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS PRIVATE LIMITED

	KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS	LIMITED	
		As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs
	CURRENT ASSETS		
3	INVENTORIES:		
	(Valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)		
	Finished Goods	98,669	98,669
	Consumable Stores & Spares	82,563 1,81,232	8,29,981 9,28,650
4	INVESTMENTS:		
•	Investment in Mutual Fund [Unquated]		
	ICICI Prudential Ultra Short Term Fund	10,72,182	-
	Total Value of Unquated Investment	10,72,182	
5	CASH & BANK BALANCES :		
	Balance In Current accounts	19,56,782	11,51,691
	Other Bank Balances	35,00,000	60,00,000
	Cash on hands	32,227	76,193
		54,89,009	72,27,884
3	LOANS:		
	Unsecured Considered Goods	79,00,000 79,00,000	1,00,00,000 1,00,00,000
,	CURRENT TAX ASSETS:	79,00,000	1,00,00,000
	Income Tax Advance	1,07,954	4,01,819
		1,07,954	4,01,819
3	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS:		
	Security Deposit	5,70,418	5,55,418
	Vat Recoverable GST Recoverable	29,99,988	29,99,988
	Interest Receivables	32,99,748 4,51,453	31,26,705 4,26,289
	Other Advances	1,87,759	1,07,759
		75,09,366	72,16,159
9	SHARE CAPITAL: AUTHORISED:		
	1000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
	Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares of Rs 100/- each	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
	40000 12%	40,00,000	40,00,000
	10000 10%	10,00,000	10,00,000
	50000 10.5%	50,00,000	50,00,000
		2,00,00,000	2,00,00,000
	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED & PAID UP		
	850100 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	85,01,000	85,01,000
	Equity Shares Forfeiture A/c	2,99,500	2,99,500
		88,00,500	88,00,500
	The Reconciliation of number of shares outstanding at the be	eginning and end of t	he year:
	Particulars	No. of Shares	No. of Shares
	Equity Shares at the Beginning of the year	8,50,100	8,50,100
	Equity Shares at the end of the year	8,50,100	8,50,100
	Details Of Shareholders Holding More Than 5 % Shares		
	Details Of Chareffolders Holding More Than 6 70 Chares		

	KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS LIMITED				
		As at 31.03.2020	As at 31.03.2019		
		Rs.	Rs.		
10	OTHER EQUITY:				
а	CAPITAL REDEMPTION RESERVE				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	50,00,000	40,00,000		
	Transfer from General Reserve	50,00,000	10,00,000		
	Balance at the end of the year	50,00,000	50,00,000		
b	GENERAL RESERVE				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	96,25,000	1,06,25,000		
	Transfer to Capital Redemption Reserve		(10,00,000)		
	Balance at the end of the year	96,25,000	96,25,000		
С	Other Comprehensive Income				
	Balance at the begining of the year	-	-		
	Add: Fair Value change on Equity instrument through Other	72,182	-		
	Comprehensive Income				
	Balance at the end of the Year	72,182	-		
С	Retained Earnings				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	13,19,855	48,57,214		
	Add: Profit for the year	(43,27,863)	(35,37,359)		
	Balance at the end of the year	(30,08,008)	13,19,855		
		1,16,89,174	1,59,44,855		
	NOTES TO OTHER EQUITY:				
10.1	Capital Redemption Reserve represents amount of Preference	Capital redeemed.			
10.2	General Reserve is the free reserve arising out of profit/loss ear appropriations till date.	ned by the Company a	fter		
10.3	Retained Earnings represents the cumulative loss of the Compa	ıny.			
	NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES				
11	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)				
	Balance at the beginning of the year	(29,10,700)	(14,73,259)		
	Charge/Credit to statement of Profit/Loss Balance at the end of the year	(11,54,000) (40,64,700)	(14,37,441) (29,10,700)		
		(40,04,700)	(29,10,700)		
	Component of Deferred Tax Liability/Asset Deferred Tax Liability/(Asset) in relation to				
	Property, Plant & Equipment	15,76,800	15,95,200		
	Items under the Income Tax act which will be allowed on	(4.000)	(0.000)		
	actual payment	(1,800)	(6,300)		
	Unabsorbed Business Losses & Depreciation	(44,89,700)	(33,49,600)		
	MAT Credit Entitlement	(11,50,000)	(11,50,000)		
		(40,64,700)	(29,10,700)		

	KHANDELWAL EVEDACTIONS I	IMITED	
	KHANDELWAL EXTRACTIONS L	IIVIIIED	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	NT LIABILITIES CIAL LIABILITIES	As at 31.03.2020 Rs.	As at 31.03.2019 Rs.
12 TRADE	PAYABLES		
	Enterprises and Small Enterprises		
To Othe	·	6,80,699	5,60,814
10 01116	10	6,80,699	5,60,814
		0,00,000	0,00,014
under M	on the information available with the Company regarding the status of ISMED Act, 2006, there was no principal amount overdue and no interest, Small and Medium Enterprises on 31st March, 2020 as per the terms.	erest was payable to	
13 OTHER	CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Unsecur	ed loans from related parties	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
		1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
	CURRENT LIABILITIES to related party syable*	19,22,200 6,98,967 26,21,167	8,16,600 5,43,469 13,60,069
* Other	payable includes Employees liabilities and Statutory Dues etc.		
	ENUE FROM OPERATIONS:	Year ended 31.03.2020 Rs.	Year ended 31.03.2019 Rs.
(a) S	ale of products	-	5,37,05,458
(b) O	ther Operating Revenues	<u> </u>	11,425
		<u> </u>	5,37,16,883
	ER INCOME:	18,92,784	24,18,779
Divid		3,125	1,500
Divid	enu	18,95,909	24,20,279
4= 0114			, , , ,
	NGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS:	98,669	2,03,34,599
	c at Close	98,669	2,03,34,599 98,669
	ease)/Decrease	-	2,02,35,930
(,		,- ,,

KHANDEL	WΔI	FXTR	ACTIONS	LIMITED
	**~		AO 1 10110	

		Year En 31.03.2		Year Ended 31.03.2019
18	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE:		Rs.	Rs.
. •	Salaries & Wages	25,84	.897	48,13,756
	Contribution To Provident and Other Funds	-	5,782	5,06,348
	Staff Welfare Expense	-	i,510	90,073
		28,56		54,10,177
19	FINANCE COST:			- , - ,
-	Interest on Borrowings	10,80	.000	21,88,067
	Other Financing Cost	,		1,41,892
		10,80	,000	23,29,959
20	OTHER EXPENSES:		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	MANUFACTURING EXPENSES			
	Power & Fuel		-	31,37,002
	Stores, Spares, Consumption		-	19,71,260
	VAT Tax		-	97,618
	Repairs to Machinery		-	26,646
	Handling Charges		-	9,77,396
	<u> </u>			62,09,922
	ADMINISTARTIVE EXPENSES			
	Insurance	59	,273	1,59,801
	Rates & Taxes	3,00	,000	2,66,800
	Repairs to Buildings	3,04	,289	3,000
	Electricity Expenses	4,86	5,097	-
	Rent	30	,000	30,000
	Miscellaneous Expenses	17,25	,967	14,21,870
	_	29,05	5,626	18,81,471
	SELLING & DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES			
	Freight & Handling Outward		-	73,882
	Selling Expenses		<u> </u>	1,90,066
			-	2,63,948
	REMUNERATION TO AUDITORS			
	Audit Fees		3,000	18,000
		18	3,000	18,000
	_	29,23	3,626	83,73,341
21	EARNINGS PER SHARE:			
	Net Profit available to equity shareholders (used as numerator for calculating Basic & Diluted EPS)	g	(42,55,681)	(35,37,359)
	Number of equity shares (used as denominator for calculating Basic & Dilute	ed EPS)	8,50,100	8,50,100
	Basic and Diluted Earning per share of Rs. 10/-	- /	(5.01)	(4.16)
	- ·		. ,	

23 a) Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to defined contribution plan recognised as expenses for the year 2019-20 are as under

2019-20 2018-19 Rs. Rs. 1,87,146 42,98,878

Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund

b) Defined Benefit Plan

The Employees Gratuity Fund Scheme managed by L.I.C. is Defined Benefit Plan. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation provided by L.I.C.

Disclosure in terms of Ind As -19 issued by the Institute Of Chartered Accountants Of India has not been given as required details have not been provided by the Life Insurance Corporation Of India

24 Related Party Disclosures:

a) Related Party disclosures as required under Section 188 of The Companies Act, 2013 – (with whom transactions made)

Key Management Personnel and their relatives:

V.N. Khandelwal	Whole-time Director (Works)	Sudhir Kumar Khandelwal	Relative
Dinesh Khandelwal	Whole-time Director (Finance) & CFO	Anil Khandelwal	Relative

K.N. Khandelwal Non-Executive Non-Independent Director

Key Management Personnel:

Surabhi Pasari Company Secretary

Independent Directors:

Ashok Gupta Atul Bagla
Anil Kamthan Rekha Kejriwal

b) The following transactions were carried with persons referred above in the ordinary course of business:

		2019-20	2018-19
		Rs.	Rs.
Directors Sitting Fee-	Non-Executive Non-Independent Director	10,000	10,000
	Independent Directors	28,000	28,000
Remuneration		17,06,400	25,27,680

Unsecured Loan and Deposits

Balance at the beginning of the year	1,20,00,000	1,60,00,000
Amount paid during the year	-	70,00,000
Amount received during the year	-	30,00,000
Balance at the end of the year	1,20,00,000	1,20,00,000
Interest Paid/ credited during the year	10,80,000	15,70,067

Note: Related Parties relationship is as identified by the Company and relied upon by the auditors.

- Manufacturing operations at Akrampur Magarwara factory had been closed on 1 November 2018. There is significant doubt upon the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, as the Company has planned to sell or lease or otherwise dispose off the whole or substantially the whole of the undertaking situated at Akrampur-Magarwara, Distt. Unnao. However, the management is of the opinion that realizable value of all assets is not lower than the amount appearing in the books and therefore there is no need to provide for any impairement loss.
- The Government of India on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Law (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act,1961, which provides domestic companies a non-reversible option to pay Corporate tax at reduced rate effective, April 1 2019, subject to certain conditions. The company is continuing to provide for income tax at old rates, based on the available unutilised minimum alternative tax credit.
- 27 There is no impact of COVID 19 on the financial statements .

28 Approval of Financial Statements:

The Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27.06.2020

29	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES:	31.03.2020	31.03.2019
		Rs.	Rs.
	Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.	5,20,951	5,20,951

30 Figures of previous year have been regrouped, recasted and restated to conform to the layout of the accounts for the current year.

